



Landscape Irrigation Water Management *Challenges and Techniques*



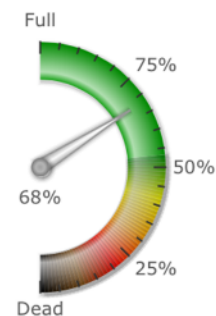


irrigation scheduler mobile

Soil Water Dashboard

Field:

N Pod Pasture, 2014; Grass (Pasture)



This Morning's Soil Water Deficit: 0.9 in. or 5.4 hrs
Today's Irrigation: 0.00 hrs
I Irrigated Today: ☐ hrs

[Save](#)

Green is good. Crops increasingly stressed below green.



Dashboard



Daily Budget Table



Soil Water Chart



More Charts



Field Settings





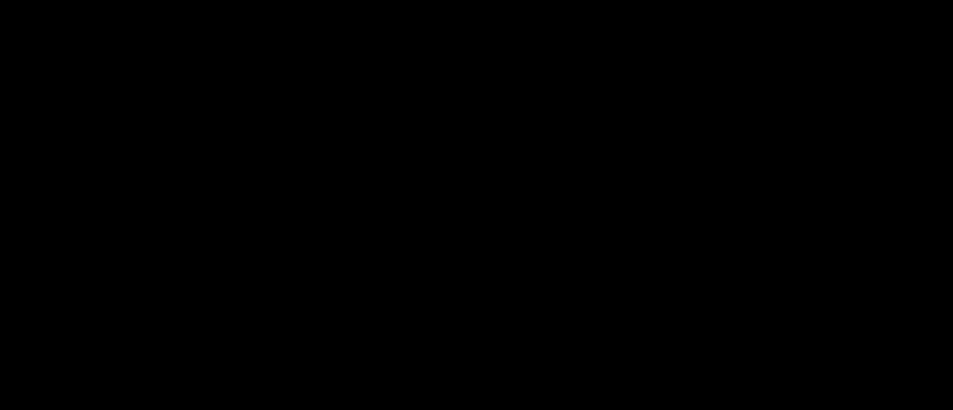












**What information
do you have?**





Benefits of water management

A photograph of a desert landscape. In the background, there are rolling red sand dunes under a clear blue sky. The foreground is filled with dense, low-lying green shrubs and bushes. The text "We live in a desert." is overlaid in white on a semi-transparent dark rectangle in the middle of the image.

We live in a desert.

Irrigation Uses A *LOT* of Water.

Benefits







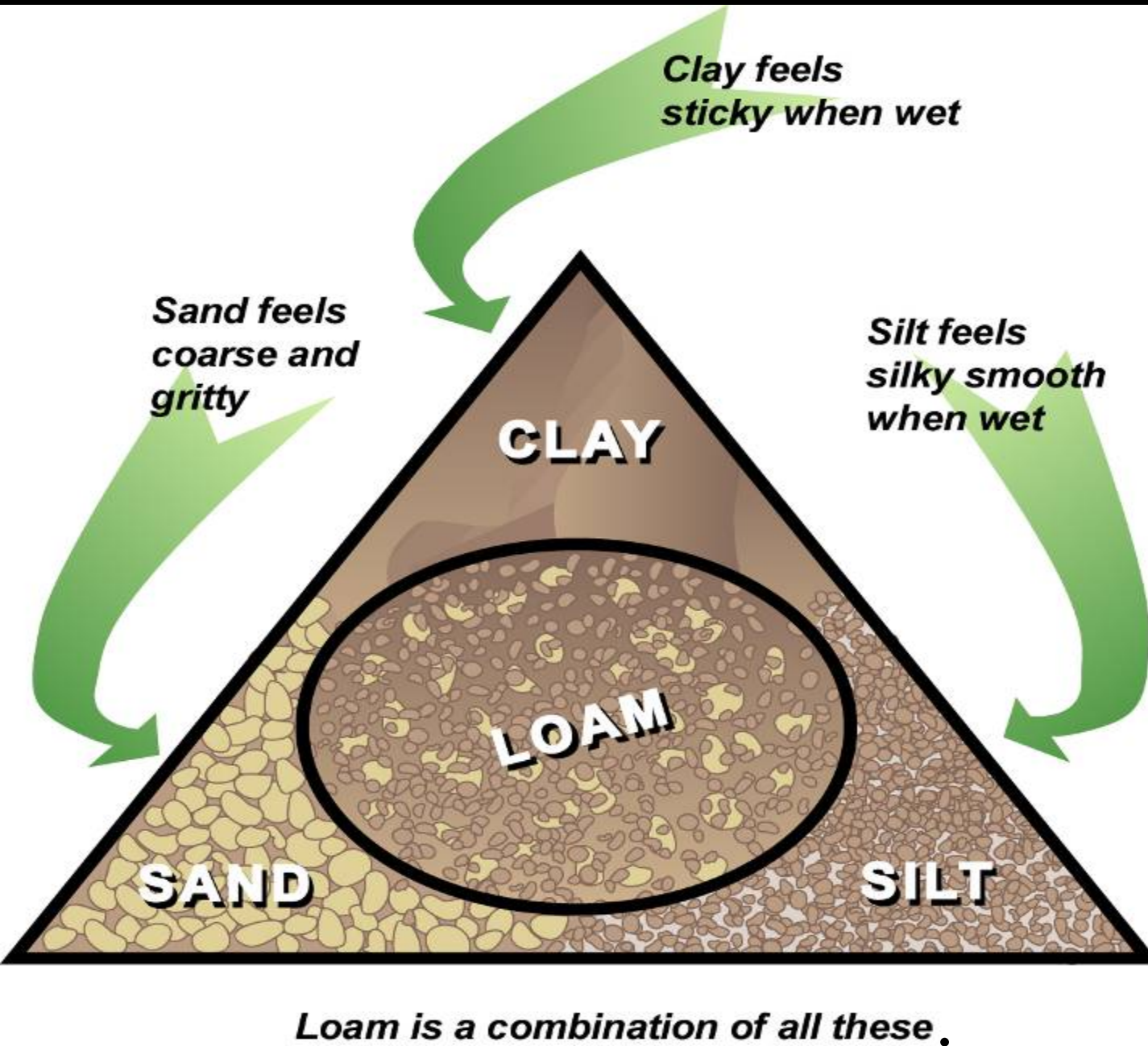
Soil-Water-Plant relationships



Soil

Soil texture

How does it feel in your hand?





Map Unit Name: **Cleman very fine sandy loam**

Symbol: 34

▲ Map Unit Composition

100% - [Cleman](#)

Geomorphic Position: *alluvial flats*

▲ Map Unit Data

Map Unit Key: 68807

Type: *Consociation* ?

Farmland Class: *Prime farmland if irrigated*

Available Water Storage (0-100cm): 14.14 cm

Max Flood Freq: *None*

Drainage Class (Dominant Condition): *Well drained* ?

Drainage Class (Wettest Component): *Well drained* ?

Proportion of Hydric Soils: 0% ?

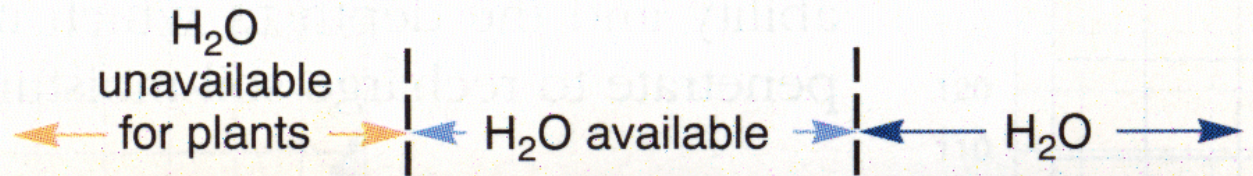
Min. Water Table Depth (Annual): *n/a*

Min. Water Table Depth (April-June): *n/a*

Min. Bedrock Depth: *n/a*

Survey Metadata: wa025 [NRCS Export: Sep 14 2015]

Soil-moisture availability (increasing \longrightarrow)

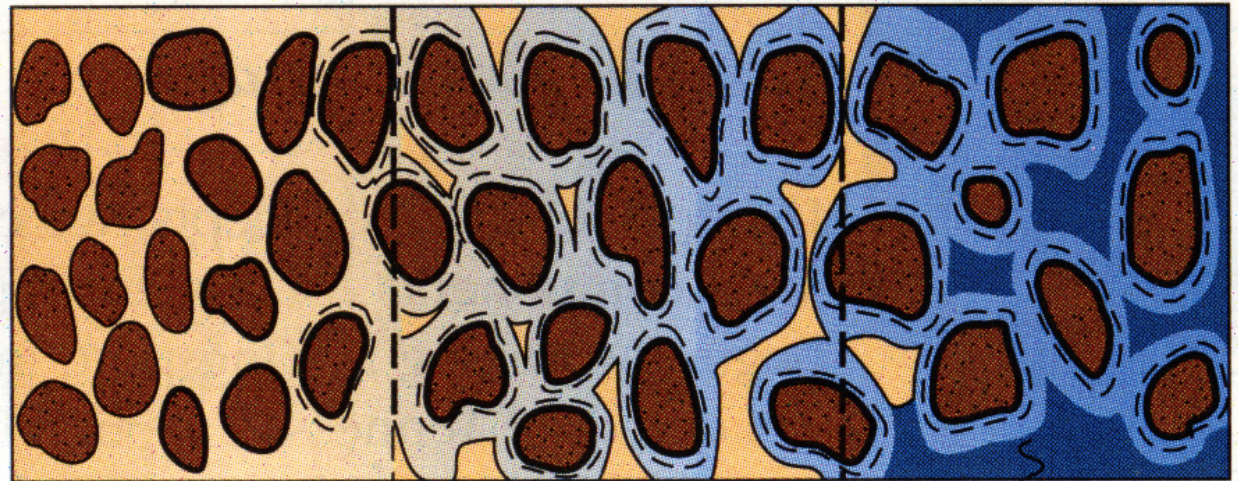


Soil particles with forms of soil moisture

Hygroscopic H_2O^*

Capillary H_2O

Gravitational H_2O

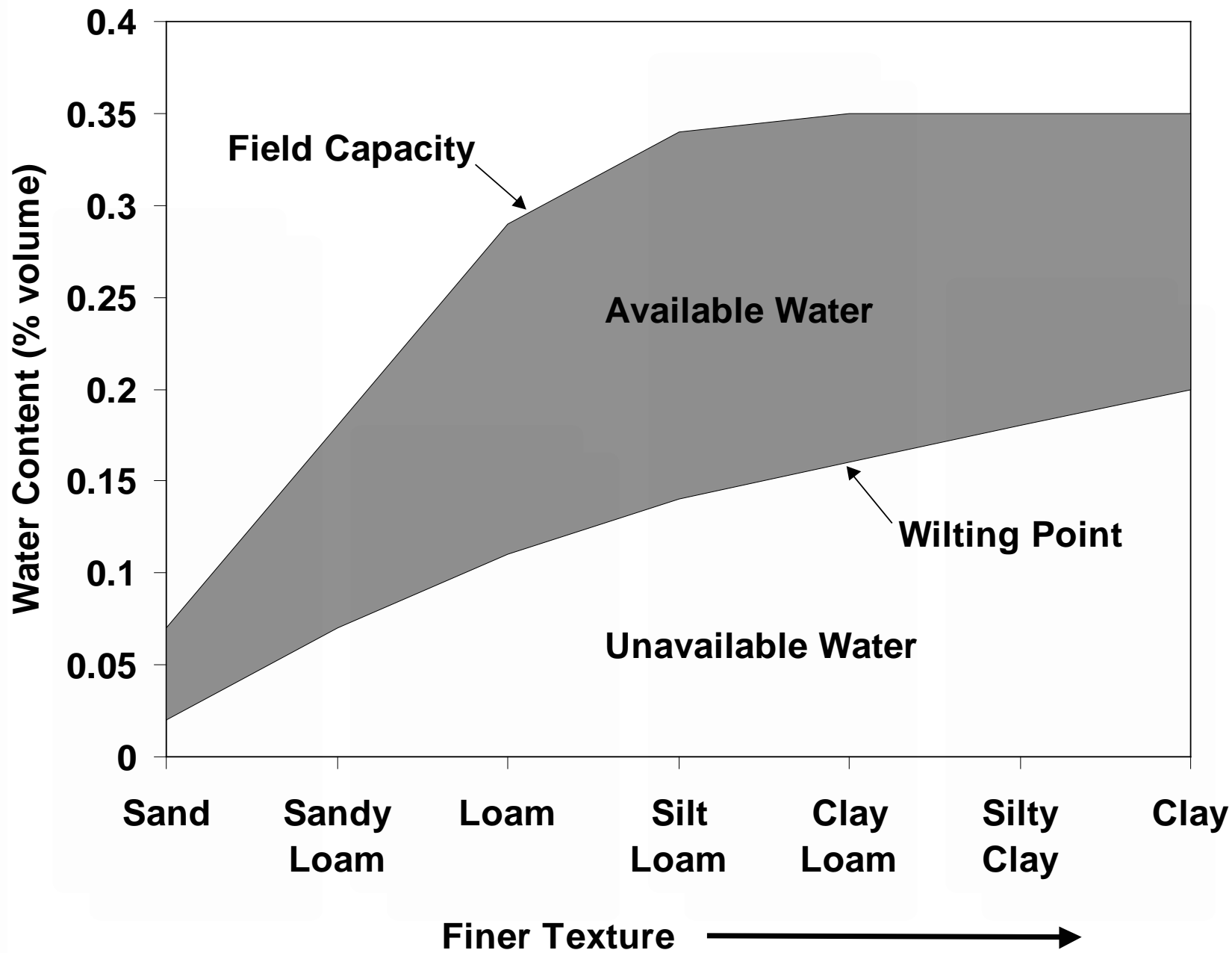


Wilting point

Field capacity

Saturation

Gravitational water



Textural Classes	Available Water Capacity in Inches/Foot of Depth
-------------------------	---

Coarse Sands	0.25 - 0.75
--------------	-------------

Fine Sands	0.75 - 1.00
------------	-------------

Loamy Sands	1.10 - 1.20
-------------	-------------

Sandy Loams	1.25 - 1.40
-------------	-------------

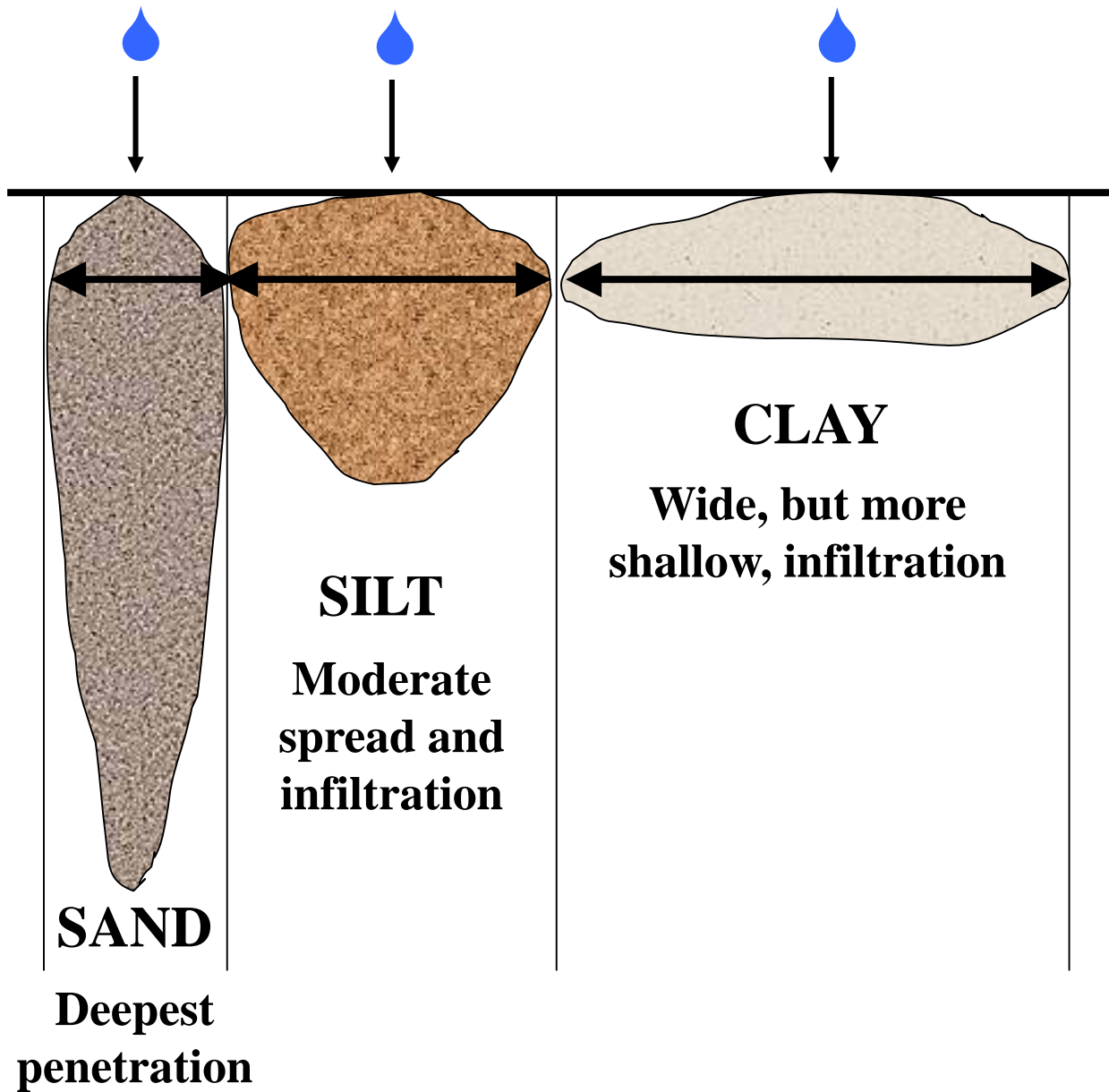
Fine Sandy Loam	1.50 - 2.00
-----------------	-------------

Silt Loams	2.00 - 2.50
------------	-------------

Silty Clay Loams	1.80 - 2.00
------------------	-------------

Silty Clay	1.50 - 1.70
------------	-------------

Clay	1.20 - 1.50
------	-------------



**Water
spreads
differently
in different
soil
textures**

**WASHINGTON STATE
UNIVERSITY
SOIL PHYSICS**

**SANDY
SOIL**

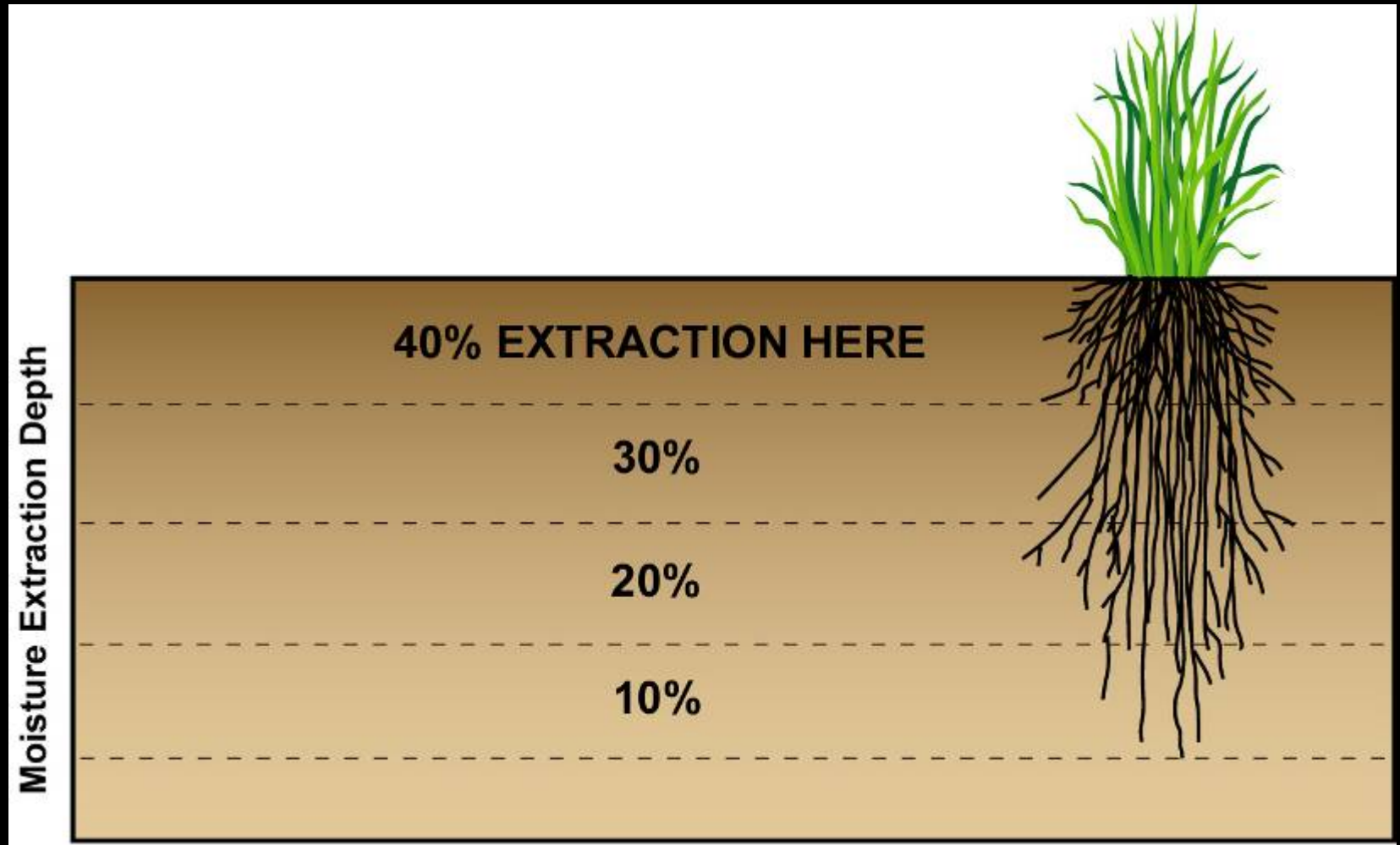
LOAM

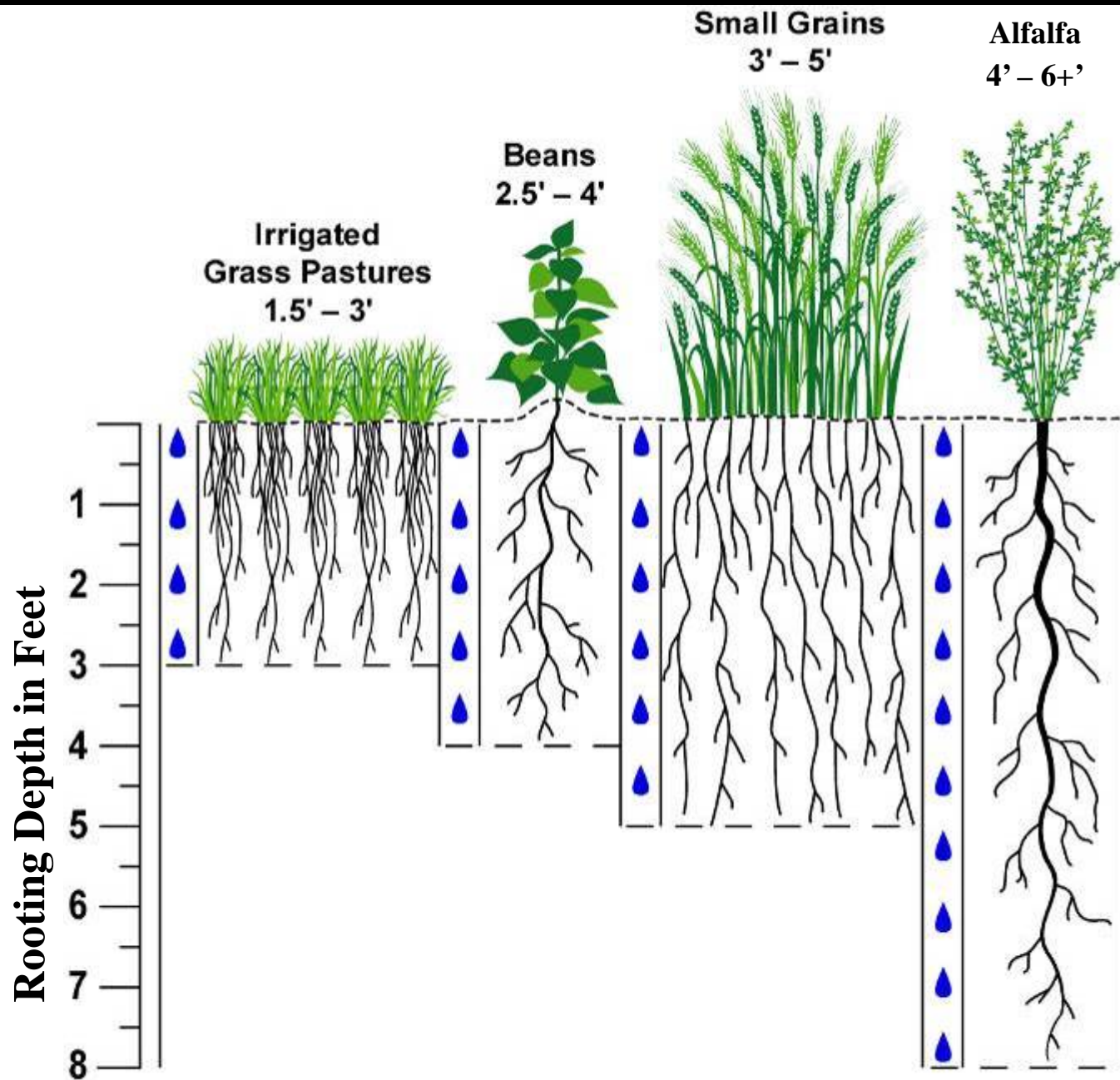
**CLAYEY
SOIL**

SAME AMOUNT WATER APPLIED



Where do plants get their water from in the root zone?





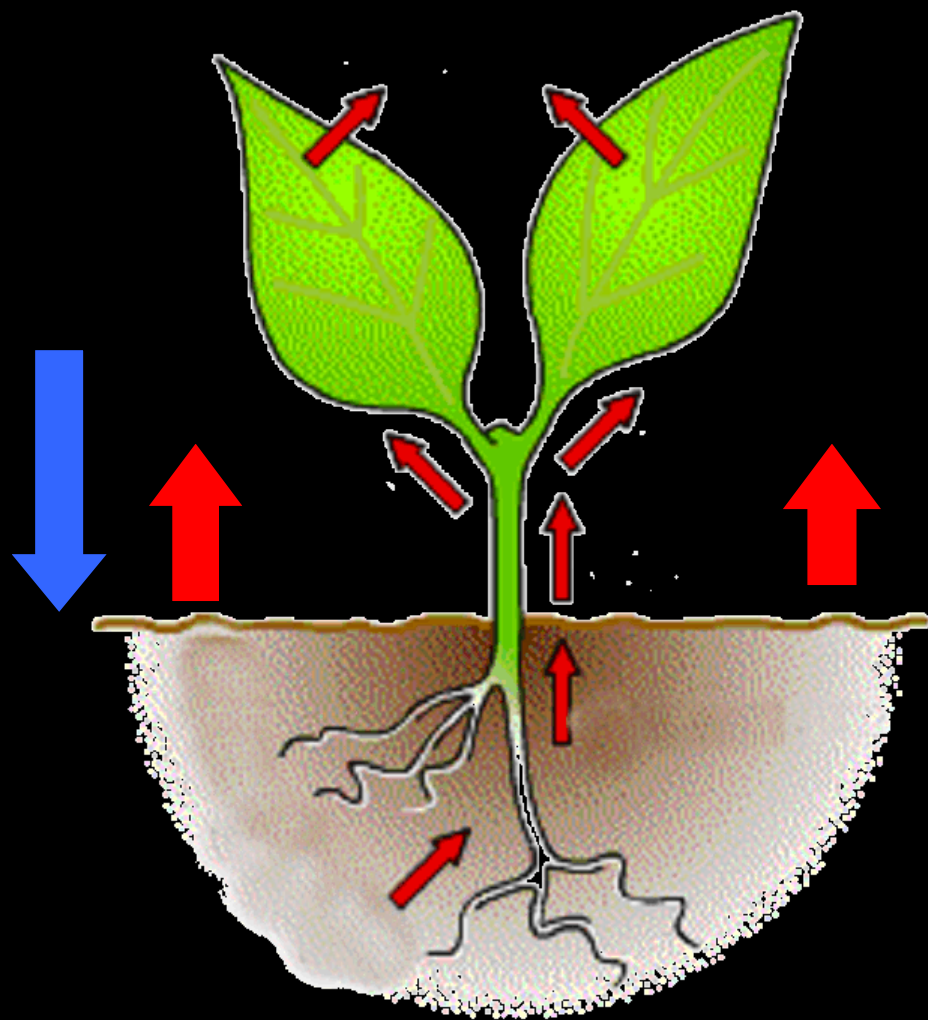
**Plant
rooting
depths
vary**

PLANT FEEDER ROOT DEPTHS*↑

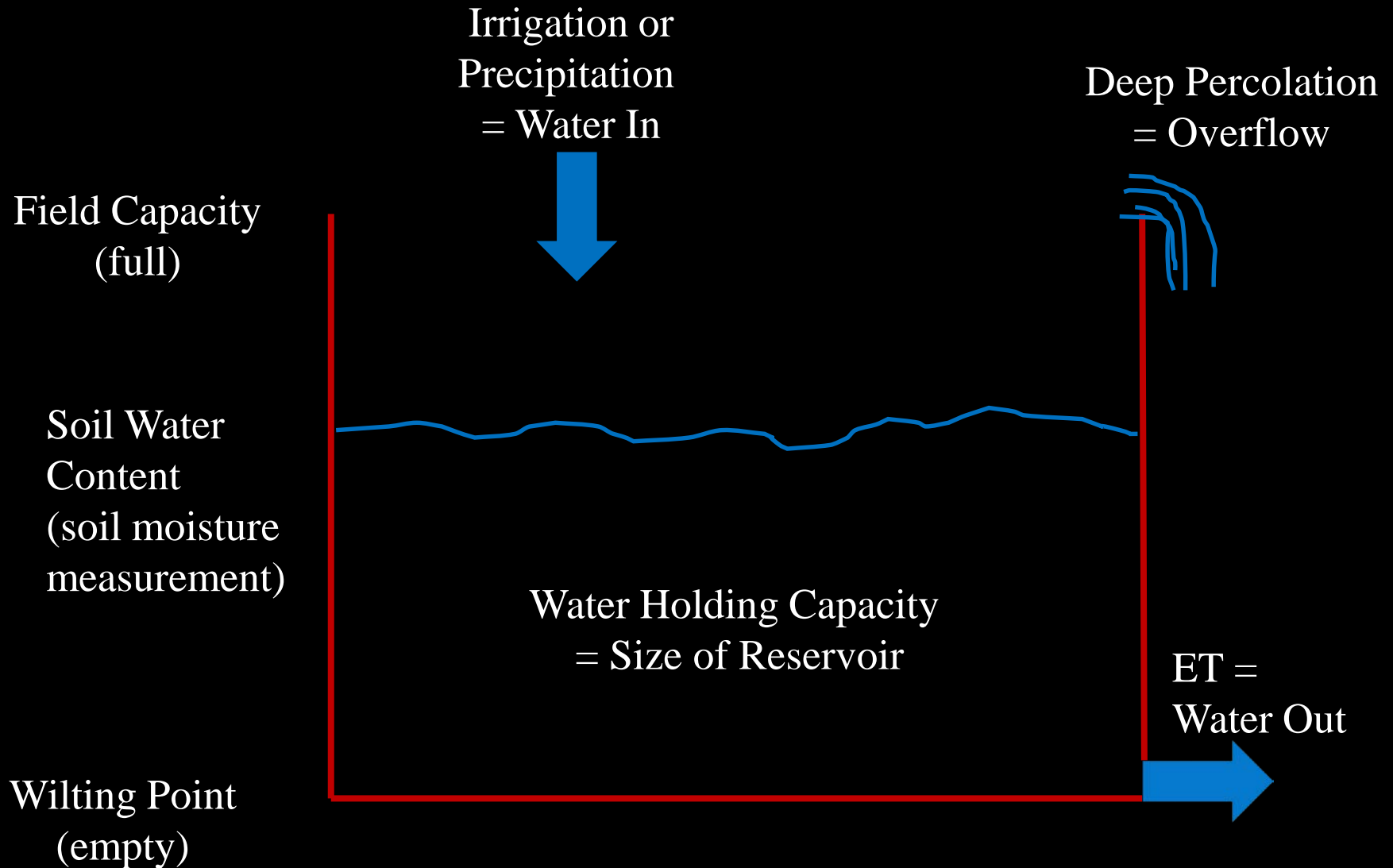
CROP	FEEDER ROOT DEPTH	CROP	FEEDER ROOT DEPTH
ALFALFA	3 to 6 feet	NUTS	3 to 6 feet
BEANS	2 feet	ONIONS	1 1/2 feet
BEETS	2 to 3 feet	ORCHARD	3 to 5 feet
BERRIES (Cane)	3 feet	PASTURE (Grasses)	1 1/2 feet
CABBAGE	1 1/2 to 3 feet	PASTURE (w/Clover)	2 feet
CARROTS	"1 1/2" to 2 feet	PEANUTS	2 feet
CORN	2 1/2 feet	PEAS	2 1/2 feet
COTTON	4 feet	POTATOES	2 feet
CUCUMBERS	1 1/2 feet	SOY BEANS	2 feet
GRAIN	2 to 2 1/2 feet	STRAWBERRIES	1 to 1 1/2 feet
GRAIN, SORGHUM	2 1/2 feet	SWEET POTATOES	3 feet
GRAPES	3 to 6 feet	TOBACCO	2 1/2 feet
LETTUCE	1 foot	TOMATOES	3 to 4 feet
MELONS	2 1/2 to 3 feet		

*Majority of Feeder Roots

ET



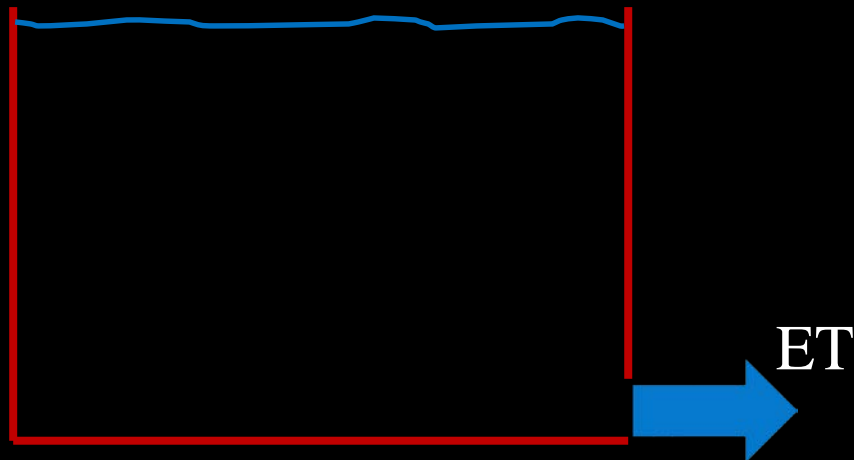
Soil is a Water & Nutrient Reservoir



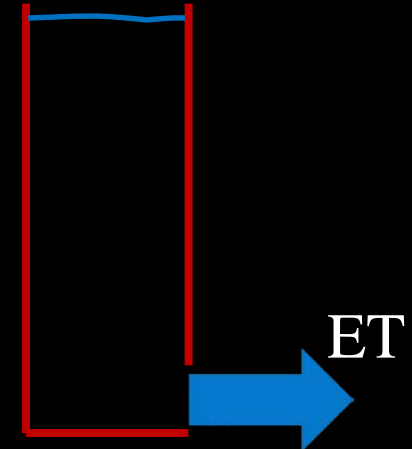
How much water can you store?

How much water can it hold? When will it be empty?

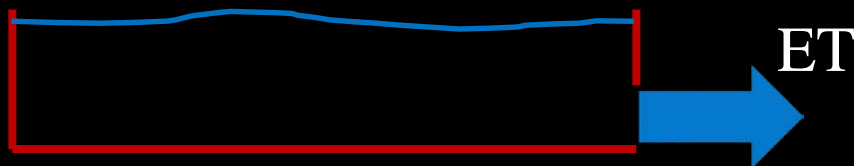
Deep Silt



Deep Sand



Shallow Silt

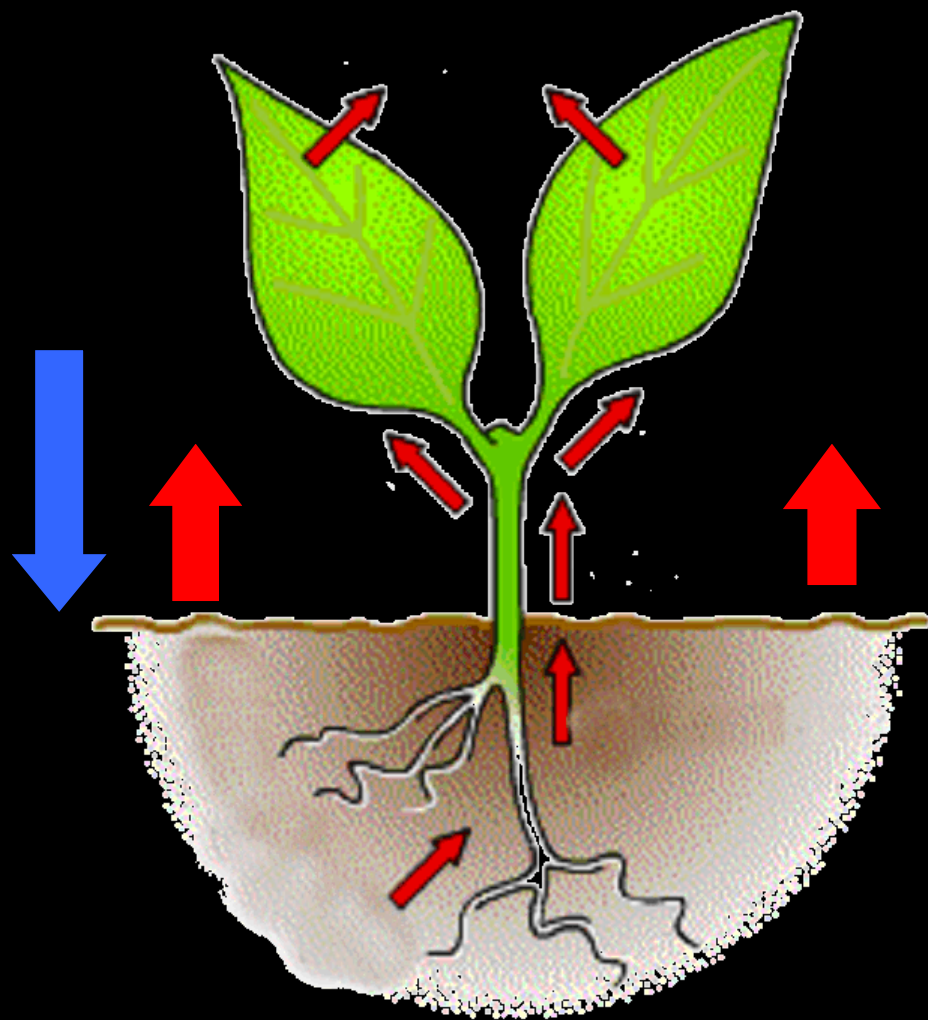


Shallow Sand

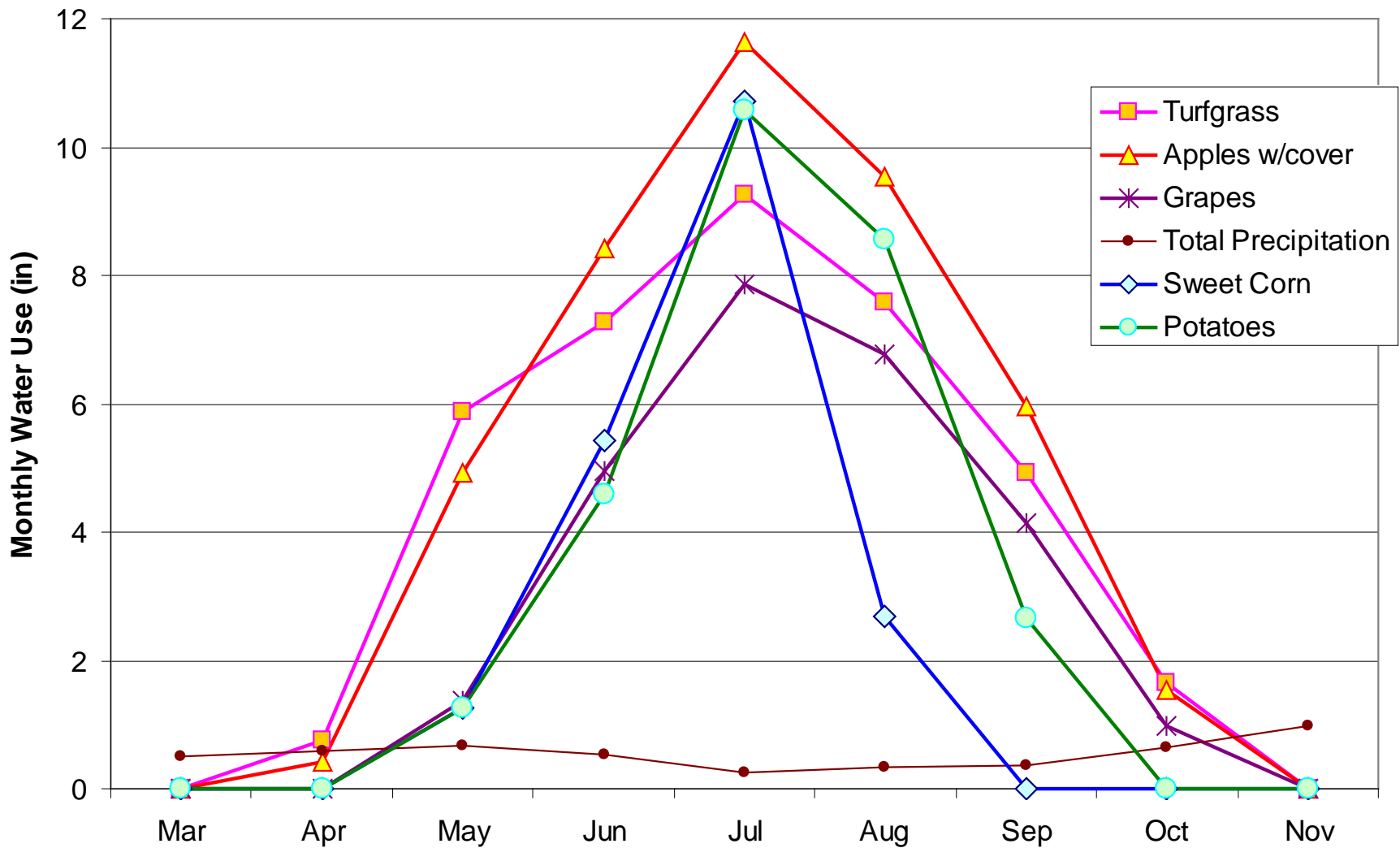


**Water use
by your landscape**

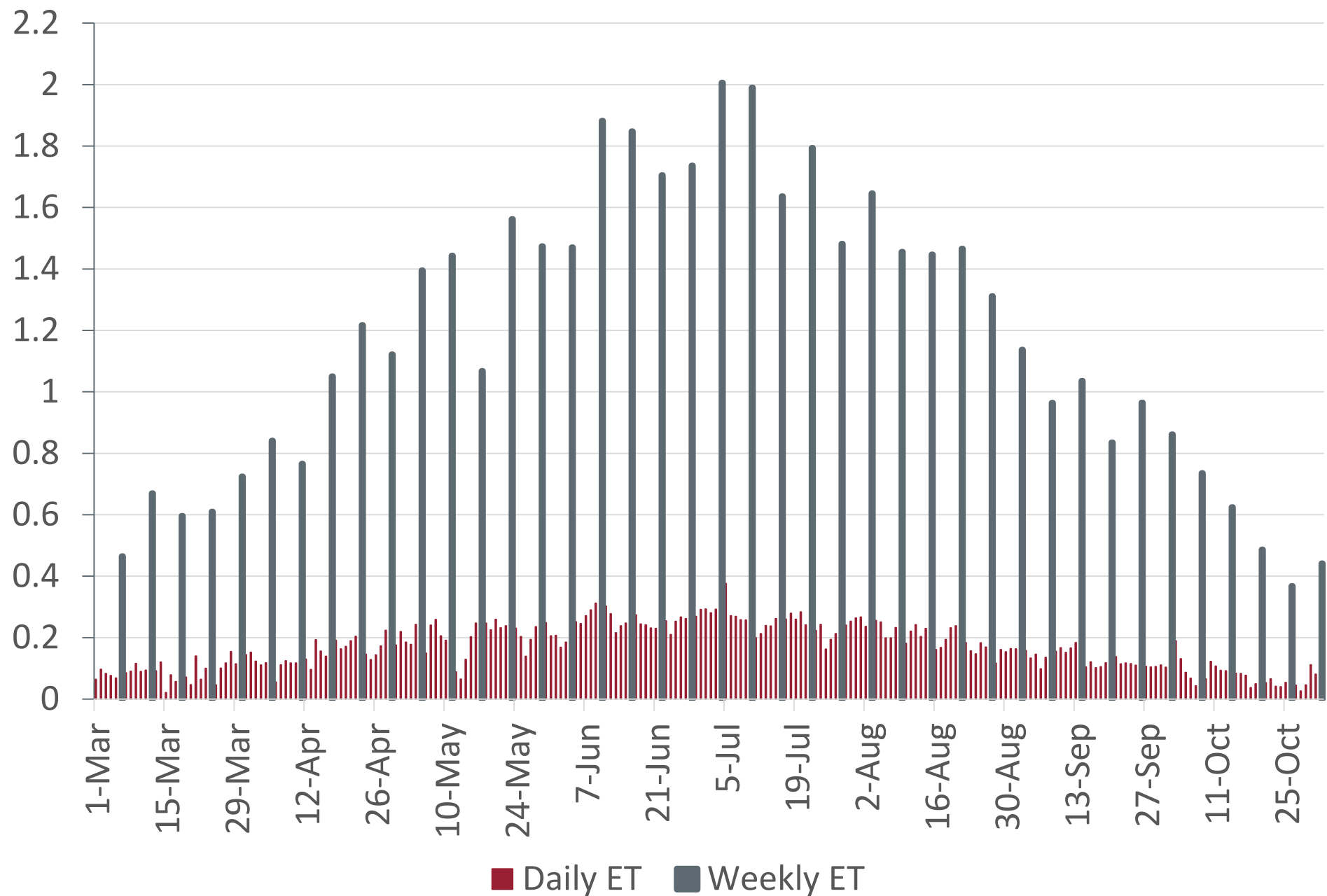
ET



Plant Water Use



2015 ET (inches) for grass in Ephrata



Weather.wsu.edu

Weather Dashboard

Select Station

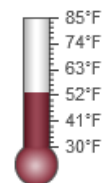
Switch to Metric

Remove Ephrata

Ephrata

Ephrata, Grant County

Air Temperature, Windchill & Dewpoint



53.8°F

53.8°F↑
10:30

60-Min Avg: 52.2°F↑
24 Hours Ago: 49.2°F

15-Min Windchill: 53.8°F↑
60-Min Windchill: 52.2°F

15-Min Dewpoint: 37.7°F↓
60-Min Dewpoint: 38.4°F

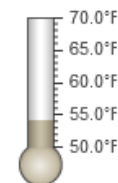


April 15, 2016 10:30 Wind Direction & Speed

South-southeast wind

15-Min Avg: 2.3 mph↓
60-Min Avg: 3.0 mph↑
Apr 15 Avg*: 1.2 mph↓
Apr 14 Avg: 3.5 mph

15-Min Gust: 5.3 mph↓
60-Min Gust: 7.1 mph↔
Apr 15 Gust*: 7.1 mph↓
Apr 14 Gust: 14.6 mph



54.3°F

8" Soil Temperature & Evapotranspiration

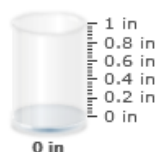
54.3°F↓
10:30

24 Hours Ago: 56.9°F↓
Apr 2016 Avg: 59.4°F

Apr 15 ETr*: 0.04 in↓
Apr 14 ETr: 0.12 in

Apr 15 ETo*: 0.03 in↓
Apr 14 ETo: 0.10 in

Rainfall



0 in

15-Min: 0.00 in↔
60-Min: 0.00 in↔

Apr 15*: 0.00 in↓
Apr 14: 0.08 in
Apr 2016*: 0.18 in
2016*: 3.74 in
Oct - Now*: 6.04 in

	Apr 15*	Apr 14	Apr 2016*
Max	59.2°F↓	61.0°F↓	68.1°F
Time	01:15	20:30	Apr 10 20:15
Min	54.3°F↓	56.9°F↑	50.1°F
Time	10:00	11:00	Apr 06 10:45
Range	4.9°F	4.1°F	18.0°F

Relative Humidity

Atmospheric Pressure

Solar Radiation

ET email to your home



Wed 4/13/2016 5:10 PM

Andy McGuire <amcguire@homenetnw.net>

FW: Ephrata ET

To: McGuire, Andrew

-----Original Message-----

From: weather@wsu.edu [<mailto:weather@wsu.edu>]

Sent: Monday, April 11, 2016 5:56 AM

To: amcguire@homenetnw.net

Subject: Ephrata ET

Evapotranspiration Report

Data Extracted: 2016-04-11

Station: Ephrata

Lat: 47.18 Lng: 47.18 Elevation: 1224

Date Range from 2016-04-04 to 2016-4-11.

Accumulated precip for selected period is: 0.00 Inches.

Date, ETr (in), ETo (in), Accu ETr (in), Accu ETo (in).

2016-04-04, 0.18279, 0.12891, 0.18279, 0.12891,.

The Look-and-feel Method




Screwdriver method



Develop
a simple system

Levels of Irrigation Scheduling

- 
- Same schedule all season / Guessing
 - Based on watching plants and sprinkler system knowledge
 - Based on ET (AgWeatherNet) and knowledge of application rates of sprinkler system
 - + Soil moisture monitoring

Putting it all together...

1. Soil and plant information

Texture, root depth >> Available water capacity

Fine Sand

12" rooting depth

= 0.8" water

BUT, 100% depletion will stress plants

Use 50% in most situations = 0.4" water

Putting it all together...

1. Soil and plant information

0.4" water

2. Water use information

ET from monitoring

Soil

ET for week = 0.86" for grass

Need to irrigate!

The can method for measuring uniformity – a low-cost approach



Putting it all together...

1. Soil and plant information

0.4" AWC

2. Water use information

ET = 0.86" for grass

3. Sprinkler run time

Average depth in cans: 0.8" in 2 hours

0.4" per hour

Water once a week for a 50, 60, 70 min?

Days Between Lawn Irrigations

		Soil Type		
Month:		Sandy	Sandy Loam	Loam/Clay
April		4	6	7
May		3	5	6
June		2	4	5
July		2	3	5
August		3	4	5
September		4	5	7
October		5	8	11

Fine tune what you are doing...

- Reduce run time by 10%
- Observe landscape
- Reduce run time by 10%

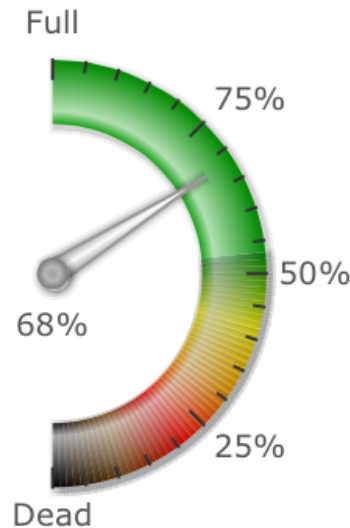
Weather.wsu.edu

irrigation scheduler mobile

Soil Water Dashboard

Field:

N Pod Pasture, 2014; Grass (Pasture)



This Morning's	0.9 in.
Soil Water	or
Deficit:	5.4 hrs
<hr/>	
Today's	0.00
Irrigation:	hrs
<hr/>	
I Irrigated Today:	<input type="checkbox"/> hrs

[Save](#)

Green is good. Crops increasingly stressed below green.



Dashboard



Daily Budget Table



Soil Water Chart



More Charts



Field Settings



Sources of slides and information

- Soil texture:
[Casoilresource.lawr.ucdavis.edu/soilweb/](http://casoilresource.lawr.ucdavis.edu/soilweb/)
- WSU Ag Weather Net:
<http://weather.wsu.edu/>
- Sources of some slides and information:
 - Troy Peters, WSU Irrigation Specialist, Prosser, WA
 - Got Water? OSU and U. of Nevada Extension from Living on the Land curricula.
 - Lori D. Palmquist, Irrigation Basics for Homeowners